



# DATA SHEET

## Hall Effect Voltage Sensor

PN: CHV\_ADA12/24S4

IPN=50~500V

### Feature

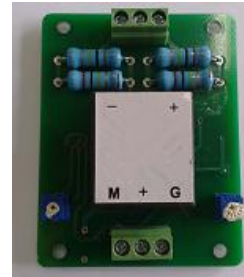
- Closed- loop (compensated) voltage transducer
- It provides accurate electronic measurement of DC,AC or pulsed currents.
- It is the measuring principle of the hall effect ,with a galvanic isolation between primary and secondary circuit.
- Supply voltage: DC 12 or 24V  $\pm$  5%

### Advantages

- High accuracy
- Easy installation
- Low temperature drift
- High immunity to external interference
- Very good linearity
- Can be customized

### Applications

- AC variable speed drives and servo motor drives
- Static converters for DC motor drives
- Variable speed drives
- Power supplies for welding applications
- Battery supplied applications
- Uninterruptible Power Supplies (UPS)
- Switched Mode Power Supplies(SMPS)



RoHS

### Electrical data: (Ta=25°C, Vc= +12 or 24.0VDC)

Parameter Parameter	Ref	CHV50 ADA12/24S4	CHV100 ADA12/24S4	CHV200 ADA12/24S4	CHV300 ADA12/24S4	CHV400 ADA12/24S4	CHV500 ADA12/24S4
Rated input AC Vpn(V)		50	100	200	300	400	500
Measuring range AC Vp(V)		100	200	400	600	800	1000
Rated output DC Isn (mA)		4 ~ 20 (0-20)					
Turns ratio Np/Ns(T)		3333:1000					
Rated input Ipn(mA)		3.0					
Supply voltage (V)		12/24 $\pm$ 5%					
Consumption current (mA)		20+IpX(Np/Ns)+ Isn					
Zero current (mA)		4(0) $\pm$ 0.2					



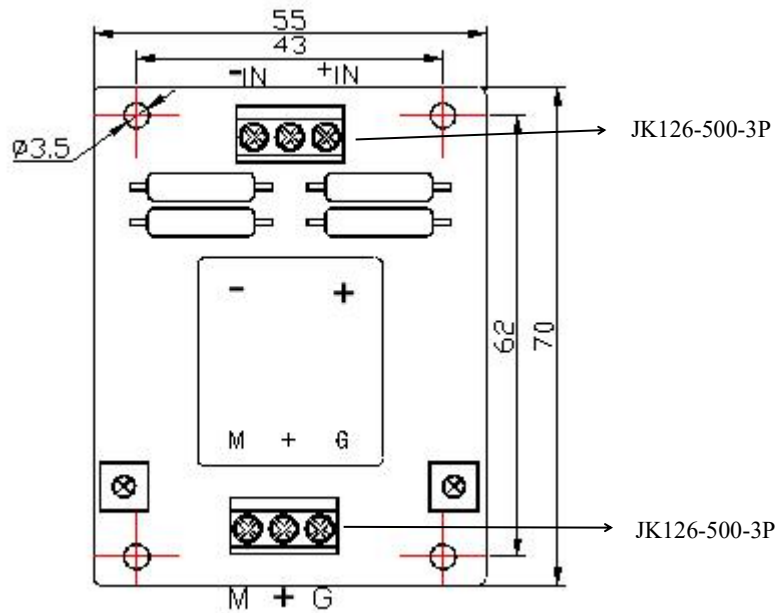
# Cheemi Technology Co., Ltd

Offset current drift (mA/°C)	@ -40°C ~ +85°C	$\leq \pm 0.005$
Linearity (%FS)	@ $V_p=0-\pm V_{pn}$	$\leq 0.2$
Response time $t_{ra}(\mu s)$		$\leq 20$
Bandwidth(KHZ)		20~10000
Galvanic isolation(KV)	@ 50HZ,AC,1min	2.5

## General data:

Parameter	Value
Operating temperature $T_A(^{\circ}C)$	-40 ~ +85
Storage temperature $T_S(^{\circ}C)$	-40 ~ +125
Mass $M(g)$	43
Standards	UL94- V0;
	IEC60950-1:2001
	EN60947-1:2004
	EN50178:1998
	SJ20790-2000

## Dimensions(mm):



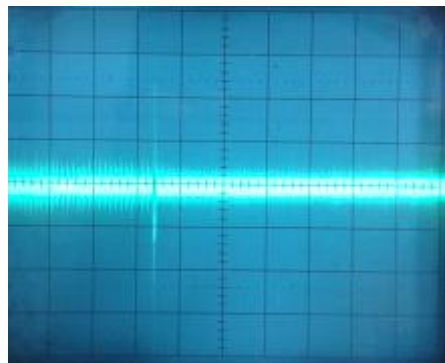
### Remarks:

1. All dimensions are in mm.
2. General tolerance  $\pm 1$ .



**Characteristics chart:**

**Effects of Impulse Noise**



← 输出电压  
( Output voltage )

**Remarks:**

- When the current will be measured goes through a transmitter, the current will be measured at the output end.  
(Note: The false wiring may result in the damage of the transmitter).
- Customs can adjust output amplitude of the transmitter by needs.
- Custom design in the different rated input current and the output voltage available.

**WARNING : Incorrect wiring may cause damage to the sensor.**

